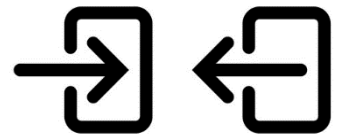## How to realize a console application in C/C++ under Windows

In the instructions of the task descriptions is written that all the programs must be realized in the form of a console application[1]. Further is written that under the input of the program is meant either the direct entry of data from the keyboard or the redirection from a text file in console mode and that under the output of the program is meant either the direct display of data (results) to the screen or the redirection to a text file in console mode.

Let's explain. By default, the keyboard is considered as <u>standard input file</u> and the screen is considered as the <u>standard output file</u>. This means that normally, a program uses the keyboard as input device for directly entering data from the keyboard and the screen as output device for directly displaying data (results) to the screen.

For using a normal text file as <u>standard input file</u> (for example if you want to test your program with large amount of input data you do not want to enter on the keyboard every time you run the program), you have to redirect the <u>standard input file</u> from this text file using the symbol '<' on the console mode command line. The program will read the input data from the text file that follows that symbol instead of reading from the keyboard.

Similarly, for creating a normal text file as <u>standard output file</u> (for example if your program produces large amount of output data you want to keep in a file), you have to redirect the <u>standard output file</u> to this text file using the symbol '>' on the console mode command line. The program will create a new text file and write the output data to this text file that follows that symbol instead of writing to the screen.

As the redirection from or to a text file is not possible in an Integrated Development Environment (IDE) like Visual Studio, Eclipse or Dev C++, we recommend that you edit, compile, build, test and run your program normally in the IDE of your choice and execute it, when once final, from the console mode, independently of an IDE.

Here is an example that illustrates how to realize a console application in C/C++ using input and output text files for testing the program. Consider the following program (contained in the source file **demo.cpp**) that calculates the sum of N integer numbers. The program reads the input data from the keyboard and displays the output data (result) to the screen.

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[1] A console application is a computer program designed to be used via a text-only computer interface, such as a text terminal, the command-line interface of some operating systems or the text-based interface included with most graphical user interface (GUI) operating systems, such as the Windows Console in Microsoft Windows, the Terminal in macOS and xterm in Unix. (© Wikipedia)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
int nbre, n, sum;
sum = 0;
cin >> nbre;
for (int i=0; i<nbre; i++) {
cin >> n;
sum += n;
}
cout << sum << endl;
return 0;
}
```

Input from the keyboard: 4
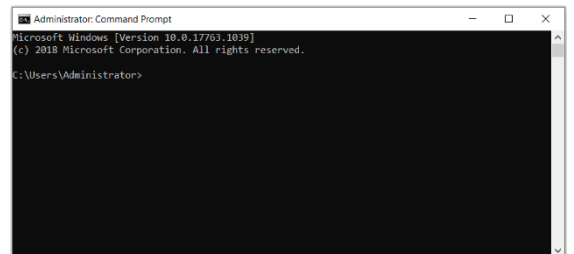
               6 -2 8 3

Output to the screen: 15

You previously have to install a C/C++ compiler like the GNU C++ Compiler (g++), which is used to compile C/C++ source programs in console mode. It compiles both files with extension .c and .cpp.

Launch the console mode with the program *Command Prompt* or *Cmd*. In console mode, use the command line to navigate to the folder where your source file is saved.

Example for the navigation: > D:

               > CD \mydemo

The compilation of the source program is done with the following command line

               > g++ -o demo demo.cpp

- To redirect the standard input file from a text file, you need to copy a text file, for example **Input1.txt** with the input data, to this folder.

   Example for the provided text file **Input1.txt**

   ```
   4
   6 -2 8 3
   ```

   The execution of the program is done with the following command line

             > demo < Input1.txt

   The program will read the input data from the text file instead of reading it from the keyboard.

- In the same way, you can redirect the standard output file to a text file. The execution of the program is done with the following command line

             > demo > Output1.txt

   Example for the created text file **Output1.txt**

   ```
   15
   ```

   The program will create a new text file and write the output data to that text file instead of writing it on the screen.

- For executing the program exclusively with text files, the execution of the program is done with the following command line

```
> demo < Input1.txt > Output1.txt
```

The program will read the input data from a text file and write the output data to a text file.

Other operating systems

In other operating systems, the principle of file redirections is very similar. In macOS and Linux, the console mode is launched with the program *terminal*, which is equivalent to the program *Command Prompt* or *Cmd* in Windows. Instead of the '>' command line symbol of the examples above, macOS and Linux have the '$' command line symbol.

Recommendation

In order to practice yourself using Linux (operating system used in the international contests like IOI), candidates using a Windows 10 computer can install an Ubuntu terminal:

https://linuxhint.com/install_ubuntu_windows_10_wsl/